Thinking More about Activities



FCCERS-R

Purpose: This document addresses many of the requirements in the Activities subscale. The focus is primarily on indicators at the 3, 5 and 7 level. It is important to review the entire item to ensure that no indicators at the 1 or "inadequate" level apply to the program. Answering the questions and referring to the FCCERS-R will build familiarity with requirements, while offering a chance to reflect on current practices and situations.

Preparation: Refer to the FCCERS-R (spiral bound edition published in 2007) when completing the questions. To better understand the scale format and structure, review the instructions for scoring on pages 7-8 in the FCCERS-R and the definitions of common terms on pages 9–11. It will also be helpful to refer to a copy of the most current NC Additional Notes (available at ncrlap.org). There are many questions, so completing them all will likely take several reflection/review sessions.

The items included here consider many aspects related to children's play. The focus is on required types and quantities of materials used, the amount of time dedicated to play, any barriers that prevent children from using materials, and the interactions that occur while children are engaged in play with learning materials. Free play with a variety of appropriate materials and choices fosters positive developmental outcomes for young children. In addition, the language and support that educators provide related to play activities is essential in building relationships and fostering learning opportunities for children. Since the FCCERS-R considers each child's individual experience, you may need to take extra steps to ensure that *all* children get to play with various materials and in different areas of the program.

Tips:

- If you are confused about a question in the worksheet, look at the item in the FCCERS-R and check any Notes for Clarification and/or NC Additional Notes to identify the specific indicator and requirement to which it refers.
- Describe the current practices that occur when answering the questions. Remember, this is not about a "right answer" but rather a way to build understanding about what occurs every day.
- Using the worksheet on an ongoing basis can help verify that the required types and categories of materials are present over time, and that each child's needs are being met as the environment changes, children develop new skills, or different children are enrolled.
- Answering the questions with someone else (other FCCH providers, assistants, technical assistance specialists, etc.) promotes sharing of perspectives and may draw attention to different details.
- **Reminder**: In the FCCERS-R, infants are children birth-11 months, toddlers are children 12-30 months, preschoolers are 31 months-Kindergarten, and school-agers are children in 1st grade and older.

The number of children currently enrolled in the program is
Are there: Infants Y / N Toddlers Y / N Preschoolers Y / N School-age Y / N
How many children usually attend each morning? And each afternoon?
Much of the day (MOD) This concept is extremely important in the FCCERS-R and affects many items.
The phrase, "much of the day" relates to children's access to materials and times when they are prevented from using materials. Please refer to the FCCERS-R page 10 for the definition and description of requirements regarding the term "much of the day." As you complete the worksheet, look carefully at items 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, and 26 and think about <u>each</u> child's experience throughout the entire day to make sure there are no long periods when the various materials or spaces are not accessible. In addition, two items in the Space and Furnishings subscale, and an item in the Program Structure subscale, include requirements related to much of the day. These are items 3, 6, and 32 so keep these areas in mind as you think about this topic as well.
To determine if there are barriers to any child's access to materials, think about the following:
 Other than routine care times, such as meals/snacks, naps, and diapering/toileting, or outdoor play, are there any other times of 20 minutes or more when children cannot use the materials in <u>any</u> of the items mentioned above? Hint: Think about any long transitions or group times that last for more than 20 minutes. Y/N
 Are furnishings that limit children's physical activity/movement and access to materials used? Hint: This includes seating devices, such as bouncy seats or swings and activity centers like exersaucers. Think about how often these are used and for how long. Y / N
 Are there times of the day that only certain materials or spaces are used? Hint: If so, think about how long this lasts and if preventing access to other types of materials is really necessary. Y / N
 Does <u>each</u> child have many opportunities to experience various types of play and learning materials throughout the day, without long times of limited or no materials and interaction? Hint: Think about non-mobile children, as well as those who are mobile. Y / N
ITEM 15 Using books (p. 34-35)
Refer to the Notes for Clarification for a definition and limits on the number of books in poor repair, the overall number of books that are required, and examples of books that are appropriate for different ages.
For each age group enrolled fill in the number of accessible age-appropriate books in good condition:
Infants/toddlers: NA Preschool/kindergarten: NA School-age: NA
Evaluate the condition of the books that are accessible to children. Look for repair issues such as torn or separated spines, missing flaps, scribbles, or torn covers. The number of books with repair issues is
Repair issues are addressed in the following ways:

			up enrolled that includes thare included:	ne required topics listed in the
Can <u>eac</u>	<u>ch</u> child use books	for much of the day? (e.g	g., no barriers identified on	page 2)? Y / N
How of	ten are books reac	l? If	children are not interested	l, they can:
		- ·	Books are also used by th	•
	Describe typical ir	teractions that occur be	tween the provider and chil	dren during book times:
		renient use by each age g to use books or read in t	group? Y / N he following ways:	
Are boo	oks for each age gr	oup rotated? Y / N If y	es , how often?	
ITEM 1	6 Fine motor (p.	. 36-37)		
			ed. Some materials may be be found in the Notes for C	appropriate for more than one larification.
	Infants (i	f enrolled)	Toddler	s (if enrolled)
			school (if enrolled)	
	Interlocking building toys	Manipulatives	Art materials	Puzzles

	School-ag	ge (if enrolled)	
Interlocking building toys	Manipulatives	Art and craft materials	Puzzles
Can <u>each</u> child use fine mo	tor materials for much o	f the day (e.g., no barriers i	dentified on page 2)? Y / N
Are fine motor materials in	good repair and kept we	ell organized throughout the	e day? Y / N How so?
Describe recent conversation	ons with children as they	used fine motor materials:	
Did these conversa How often does thi	·	lop their fine motor skills? Y	7 / N
Are fine motor materials ro	otated? Y / N If yes , ho	ow often?	
ITEM 17 Art (p. 38-39)			
* Answer these questions f children, then the question		nd older; however, if art ma	iterials are used with younger
For toddlers (if enrolled), and following ways:	t materials are used	days per week. Art activi	ties are set up in the
If children are not intereste alternative activity?		ctivity, they can: Hint : ls th	ere more than one
The types of materials used	d with toddlers are:		
Are all art materials used w	rith the children safe and	l non-toxic (e.g., no choking	hazards or irritants)? Y/N
Can each preschool and solidentified on page 2)? Y/		ng materials for much of the	e day (e.g., no barriers

For preschool and school-age children (if enrolled), list the art materials currently used. The required number of materials and examples can be found in the Notes for Clarification.

Drawing materials	Paints	Three-dimensional materials	Collage materials	Tools
Are the children able	to choose art mater	ials and use them in t	heir own wav? Y/	N
		e or follow a plan rath	•	
	·	·	_	
		<u> </u>		
The use of art materia	als is facilitated in th	e following ways:		
ITEM 19 Music and	d movement (n. 4	0)		
The following music r				
The following music r	naterials are accessi	bie for the children		
For each age group e	nrolled write the nur	mber of music materi	ials they can use:	
		eschool/kindergarten		ool-age NA
Can <u>each</u> child use m	usic materials for m	uch of the day (e.g., no	o barriers identified	on page 2)? Y / N
What other types of n	nusic activities are d	one and how often?		
				re than one alternative
		music activity, they ca		

Does informal singing occur daily? Y/N When doe	es this occur?
When recorded music is used, is this for limited time when the activity or routine ends? $ {f Y} {f N} $	s with a specific purpose? Hint : Is music turned off
The following types of music are used:	
Children are encouraged to be creative during music	activities in the following ways:
ITEM 19 Blocks (p. 41)	
Answer these questions if any children are 12 month	s and older.
List the type and number of blocks <u>and</u> accessories t appropriate for more than one age group. The requi Clarification.	hat are currently accessible. Some materials may be red number of materials can be found in the Notes for
Toddlers (if enrolled)	Preschool/Younger School-age (if enrolled)
Can toddlers and older children use blocks and access on page 2)? Y / N	ssories for much of the day (e.g., no barriers identified
ls the block area out of traffic? Y / N	
Is there enough space to use the blocks and block ac	cessories? Y / N
Consider the storage. Are block and accessories orga	anized by type? Y / N
Describe recent interactions with children in the bloc	:k area:

ITEM 20 Dramatic play (p. 42-43)

List the dramatic play materials currently accessible for children's daily use. Some materials may be appropriate for more than one age group. The required number of materials can be found in the Notes for Clarification.

Infants (if enrolled)	Toddlers (if enrolled)
Preschool (if enrolled)	School-age (if enrolled)
If enrolled, are there age-appropriate dramatic play fu	rnishings and dress-up clothes for:
Toddlers? Y / N / NA Preschool:	Y/N/NA School-age: Y/N/NA
The dramatic play materials are organized in the follow	ving wavs:
The diameter play materials are organized in the follow	
Dramatic play items representing diversity include:	
List the outdoor dramatic play materials accessible ou	tdoors for toddlers and older children:
Describe recent interactions that occurred between th	e provider and children during dramatic play:

ITEM 21 Math/number (p. 44-45)

List the math materials that are currently accessible daily. Some materials may be appropriate for more than one age group. The required number of materials can be found in the Notes for Clarification.

Infants (if enrolled)	Toddlers (if enrolled)
Preschool (if enrolled)	School-age (if enrolled)
Look at the lists. Are there at least 5 materials total fo	or each age group enrolled? Y / N
Are there at least 2 materials related	to shape for each age group? Y / N
Are there at least 2 materials related	to number for each age group? Y / N
Can <u>each</u> child use math materials for much of the da	ay (e.g., no barriers identified on page 2)? Y / N
Are all math/number materials in good condition and	well organized? Y / N
Math/number concepts are talked about in the	Math/number concepts are talked about in the
following ways during <u>free play</u> :	following ways during <u>routines</u> :
Are math/number materials rotated for each age gro	up? Y / N If yes , how often?
Math/number activities are planned and implemente	d for preschool and school age children, such as:
How often?	

ITEM 22 Nature/science (p. 46-47)

Are there books, pictures, or play materials for **all age groups** including infants and toddlers that represent nature realistically? \mathbf{Y} / \mathbf{N}

For preschool and school age children (if enrolled) list the nature/science materials that are currently accessible for daily use. Some materials may be appropriate for more than one age group. The required number of materials can be found in the Notes for Clarification.

	objects	Living things	toys	Nature/science tools
	Can <u>each</u> preschool and sch dentified on page 2)? Y / N	ool age child use nature/sci	ence materials for much of	the day (e.g., no barriers
_	Children are exposed to the	natural world in the followi	ng ways:	
r	ndoors:		Outdoors:	
_				
2	aily experiences are used t	to teach about nature/scien	ce in the following ways:	
_				
4	re all nature/science mater	rials in good condition and v	well organized? Y / N	
		pect for nature in the follow		
•	ne children are taught resp	rect for flature in the follow	iiig ways	
=	or preschool and school-ag	ge children, nature/science a	activities are planned and ir	nplemented such as:
	How often?			

ITEM 23 Sand and water play (p. 48-49)

There are _____ children enrolled who are between the ages of 18 months and 5 years. Answer these questions if at least one child is within this age range.

Describe the following, including p	provisions, frequency, and sand/wate	r toys:
Indoor and/or outdoor <u>water</u> play	: Indoor and/o	or outdoor <u>sand</u> play:
Successful sand and/or water play	is ensured by:	
How often are these activities cha recent examples:	nged to provide children with differe	nt sensory experiences? List some
recent examples.		
ITEM 24 Dyomoting assents	nso of divorsity (n. EO. E1)	
ITEM 24 Promoting accepta		
_	nat are present in each column. Hint : nay be helpful to list specific example	•
Accessible <u>books</u> show diverse people, including different:	P <u>ictures</u> and/or <u>other displayed</u> <u>materials</u> show diverse people, including different:	Accessible <u>play materials</u> show diverse people, including different:
Races	Races	Races
Cultures	Cultures	Cultures
Ages (infant-elderly)	Ages (infant-elderly)	Ages (infant-elderly)
Abilities	Abilities	Abilities
Non-stereotypical male and	Non-stereotypical male and female	Non-stereotypical male and female
female gender roles	gender roles	gender roles
Diversity in dramatic play is promo	oted with the following materials and	props:
Diversity is included in play activiti	ies and daily routines in the following	ways:

If a child or adult shows pre	ejudice, the follow	ving actions are taken:
Special activities to promote	e diversity are pla	nned and implemented, such as:
home work or other school	ons when either t work for school-a	elevision and/or computers are used. Technology use related to age children is <u>not</u> considered. The use of technology is not
-	•	circle NA and move to the next section. Inder 2 years old? Hint : Refer to the NC Additional Notes for
Television/video programs	used:	Computer/tablet programs used:
The total amount of time ch	nildren can watch.	/use these programs (other than homework for school-age
TV/video:	two's	preschool/school-age
Computer/tablet:	two's	preschool school-age
Children who are not intere	ested can:	
or lacking in educational co	ntent): Y / N	itive, and appropriate (nothing scary, showing physical conflict,
Is screen time is connected	to children's inte	rests, activities, or themes? Y / N
ITEM 26 Active physica	al play (p. 54–5	5)
List the outdoor gross motor	or equipment curi	rently used:

Are all gross motor spaces and equipment safe and age-appropriate? Hint : Is there enough cushioning under and around equipment? Is the area completely surrounded by a fence? Are the connectors at the tops and bottoms of swings closed? Y / N				
The gross motor equipment encourages the following enrolled and skills used for each age group:				
The active physical play area(s) and gross motor mate	erials are used for minutes a day.			
The following conditions prevent the group from play permitting on page 11:	_			
When outdoor gross motor play does not occur, what equipment that can be used inside?				
List the surfaces available in the outdoor space:				
Is there protection from the elements outdoors? \mathbf{Y} /	N			
Other Con	siderations:			
Are there varied activities and materials for <u>each</u> diffe	rent age group that is currently enrolled? Y / N			
	dified to allow participation by different age groups (or			
If you have infants and toddlers enrolled, have you checked recently for choking hazards in all of the play areas? Y / N / NA	If there are 7-12 year olds enrolled, are there interesting materials for them, different from materials used by younger children? Y / N / NA			
Are there areas of the child care space that are used i these spaces better or make them more interesting?_	0			

could help identify areas to work on. It can also be helpful to break bigger topics into smaller steps so that changes and progress can be easily recognized. Hopefully this worksheet was a helpful beginning to an ongoing self-study practice and suggest continuing with an action plan after completing the reflection questions below.
List areas where strengths were noted in activities:
List areas where improvements could be made or there are new ideas to think about:
Are there any issues you will work to change right away? Describe how so:
Are there issues that will take more time to change? What are these and what resources may be needed?

Reflection for future planning: After completing this worksheet, it can be helpful to go back and think more about the answers. Were there any questions that were answered "no" instead of "yes?" If so, this

Want to find out more?

Not all FCCERS-R indicators are covered in this worksheet, so review the FCCERS-R carefully and seek out other resources, as needed, since relying on these questions alone to prepare for an assessment will not be sufficient. We encourage you to review other resources found on the ncrlap.org website to stay informed about any updates and continue to build your understanding of the FCCERS-R and the assessment process.

- Look for general information about the assessment process and also specific FCCERS-R
 resources. For example, there are videos with accompanying supplements, the NC Additional
 Notes, and many documents and webcasts about different topics. These resources may offer
 ideas about what to focus on or supplement ideas you were already considering.
- Check out the answers to Frequently Asked Questions or send a new question to ncrlap@uncg.edu.
- Register for free online training webinars. Some are live webinars; others are pre-recorded and offer training credits (contact hours). Call 1-866-362-7527 or register online at ncrlap.org by clicking on "Training" tab and then "Register for an event." Select the event and enter your information. You will receive instructions via email before the event.

When planning for program enhancement, always consider the unique features of the program such as ages and abilities of the children enrolled, the number of providers, and overall goals and/or philosophy. Programs may also seek advice from their DCDEE Child Care Consultant, local CCR&R and/or Smart Start Partnerships, or other child care agencies.

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References:

Harms, T., Cryer, D., & Clifford, R. (2007). Family child care environment rating scale. (Revised edition). New York, NY. Teachers College Press.

NC Additional Notes (n.d.). Retrieved from http://www.ncrlap.org.